The Cybersecurity Pipeline

Or: How I Learned to Start Worrying and Love a Chicken and Egg Problem

Emily E. Reid

How I Got Interested in this Problem









All images: Wikimedia Commons 2017

By the Numbers: Computer Science Pipeline

Widening Gap

The percentage of female college freshmen who list computer science as a probable major is 0.3 percent, down from 4.2 percent in 1982.

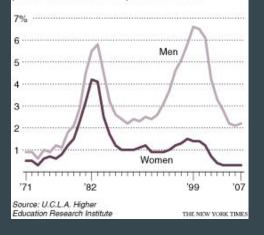


Table B3. Bachelor's Degrees Awarded by Ethnicity					
	CS				
Nonresident Alien	884	9.0%			
Amer Indian or Alaska Native	35	0.4%			
Asian	2,079	21.1%			
Black or African-American	315	3.2%			
Native Hawaiian/Pac Islander	21	0.2%			
White	5,687	57.7%			
Multiracial, not Hispanic	168	1.7%			
Hispanic, any Race	672	6.8%			
Total Residency & Ethnicity Known	9,861				
Resident, Ethnicity Unknown	413				
Residency unknown	1,954				
Grand Total	12,228				

http://cra.org/resources/crn-online/

GOOGLE'S WORKFORCE			PBS NEWSHOUR	
GLOBAL TOTALS	OVERALL	ТЕСН	NON-TECH	LEADERSHIP
MEN	70%	83%	52%	79 %
WOMEN	30%	17 %	48%	21 %
U.S. TOTALS	OVERALL	TECH	NON-TECH	LEADERSHIP
WHITE	61%	60%	65%	72 %
ASIAN	30%	34	23%	23%
BLACK	2%	1%	3%	1.5%
HISPANIC	3%	2%	4%	1%
OTHER [®]	< 1 %	< 1 %	< 1 %	< 1 %
TWO OR MORE"	4%	3%	5%	1.5%
Source: Google Inc.				, or "decline-to-state" fields. nerican, and Pacific Islander.

* "Other" category includes: Native Hawaiian, Native American, and Pacific Islander.
** "Two or more races" category includes all Googlers who identify with more than one race.

By the Numbers: Cybersecurity Pipeline

- Women comprise only **11%** of the global information security workforce. [Center for Cyber Security Education/(ISC)², 2017]
- In adults aged 18-26 in the US, **24%** express an interest in **cybersecurity**, compared to **32%** with an interest in being an **app developer**. [Raytheon/Zogby Analytics, 2013]
- **67%** of US men & **77%** of US women said no teacher/guidance counselor mentioned a cybersecurity career. [Raytheon & National Cybersecurity Alliance, 2015]
- Globally, **62%** of men and **75%** of women said no secondary or high school computer classes offered the skills to help them pursue a career in cybersecurity. [Raytheon & National Cybersecurity Alliance, 2015]

A turn in the tide, or just an ebb?

Persons	Persons Employed as "Information Security Analysts" [Bureau of Labor Statistics, 2017]						
Year	Total (x1000)	% Women	% Black or African-American	% Asian	% Hispanic or Latinx		
2016	89	21.8	9.2	7.7	8.9		
2015	70	19.7	3	3.4	5.2		
2014	68	18.1	9.7	5.7	6.1		
2013	48	-	-	-	-		
2012	52	15.1	11.8	14.2	4		
2011	44	-	-	-	-		

Globally, adults aged 18-26 were more likely in 2016 than 2015 to consider a cybersecurity career:

- Women:
 - **24%** in 2015
 - **30%** in 2016
 - Men:

 \bullet

- **33%** in 2015
- **43%** in 2016

[Raytheon/National Cybersecurity Alliance, 2016]

Idiosyncratic Barriers in Cybersecurity

Ada Initiative

Supporting women in open technology and culture 2011–2015

ABOUT THE ADA INITIATIVE CON

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DEFCON: Why conference harassment matters

This weekend was DEFCON 20, the largest and most famous hacker[1] conference in the world. I didn't go to DEFCON because I'm a woman, and

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MOTHERBOARD

Female Hackers Still Face Harassment at Conferences





Schneier on Security

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Blog >

Sexual Harassment at DefCon (and Other Hacker Cons)

Excellent <u>blog post</u> by Valerie Aurora about sexual harassment at the DefCon hackers conferenc Aside from the fact that this is utterly reprehensible behavior by the perpetrators involved, this is real problem for our community.

The response of "this is just what hacker culture is, and changing it will destroy hackerdom" is just plain wrong. When swaths of the population don't attend DefCon because they're not comfortable there or fear being assaulted, we all suffer. A lot.

Harassment rife at hacker conference

From Ms Emily E Reid. Sir, Hannah Kuchler's article on DefCon ("Can they hack it?", Life & Arts, August 16) misses one important reality about the famous hacker conference: its notoriety for sexual harassment of female attendees. I am a previous cyber security engineer, current computer science graduate student and instructor for Girls Who Code. In an age when the number of female computer science majors amounts to only about 17 per cent (compared with 37 per cent about 20 years ago), attention must be paid to the circumstances that deter women from technology, especially in those growing fields such as cyber security I respect DefCon's emphasis on creativity, open technology and breaking technical barriers. But the only reason I have never attended myself is its terrible record on sexual harassment. I would have liked to encourage my Girls Who Code students with an interest in security to take advantage of such events, but I cannot in good confidence recommend this conference to young women. The article made no mention of this important issue, but bringing such concerns to light is the only way to solve them. Emily E Reid. New York, NY, US

The Stakes

- The cybersecurity market is expected to grow from **\$75 billion** in 2015 to **\$170 billion** in 2020. [Forbes, 2015]
- More than 209,000 cybersecurity jobs in the U.S. were unfilled in 2015, and postings were up 74% 2010-2015. [Bureau of Labor Statistics, 2015]
- Cisco estimated the global gap in cybersecurity jobs at **1** million in 2014. [Cisco, 2015]
- Regular reporting on hacks affect **crucial systems & information**, including home security systems, DNS access, personally identifiable information, industry secrets, and politics.
- **Diverse groups make better decisions**, which we might assume will create better cybersecurity products & systems.

My Experience



What Is Needed?

- More exposure/mentorship programs & high quality courses for at least high school level, especially for students from underrepresented racial/ethnic groups.
- More high quality data & analysis of the pipeline.
- Continued scrutiny of the challenges keeping would-be cybersecurity engineers/analysts out of the industry.

What Can You Do?

- Volunteer to mentor or teach for programs on the following slide, or at a local middle/high school or community program.
- Offer to visit middle/high schools to tell students about your career.
- Start your own program! And share the ones you know. There is still a need for widespread quality programming.
- Be vigilant: Watch for your own/organization's biases, and take action.

Programs & Resources [beginners & underrepresented groups]

Security specific:

- <u>SANS CyberTalent Immersion Academy for Women</u>
- International Consortium of Minority Cybersecurity
 <u>Professionals</u>
- <u>Women's Society of Cyberjutsu</u>
- <u>Women in Cyber Project</u>
- <u>WiCyS Conference</u>
- NSA GenCyber Camp
- <u>Hacker High School</u>
- <u>DHS Cybersecurity Training & Exercises</u>
- National Institute for Cybersecurity Education (NICE)

General computer science/tech:

- <u>Girls Who Code</u>
- Black Girls Code
- <u>NCWIT</u>
- <u>Code2040</u>
- <u>All Star Code</u>
- <u>Code.org</u>
- <u>Girl Develop It</u>
- <u>Google CS First</u>

Data Sources

- Center for Cyber Security & Education/(ISC)², <u>The 2017 Global Information Security Workforce Study:</u> <u>Women in Cybersecurity</u>, 2017.
- Raytheon/Zogby Analytics, <u>Preparing Millennials to Lead in Cyberspace</u>, 2013.
- Raytheon & National Cybersecurity Alliance, <u>Securing our Future: Closing the Cybersecurity Talent Gap</u>, Oct. 2016.
- Forbes/Steve Morgan, <u>"Cybersecurity Market Reaches \$75 Billion in 2015; Expected to Reach \$170 Billion by 2020"</u>, 2015.
- Bureau of Labor Statistics, <u>Labor Force Statistics from the Current Population Survey</u>, 2017.
- Cisco, <u>Mitigating the Cybersecurity Skills Shortage</u>, 2015.

Thank you! Questions?

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